

# Soft shadows—a brief introduction

Area light source  $L_0L_2$  (Figure 1) is blocked by the rectangular box which casts soft shadows on the ground plane. A soft shadow is a shadow that transitions gradually from light to shadow over a penumbra region. The desired (output) image with view point  $D$  has a pixel  $P$  that samples the ground plane at point  $S$  which is in the penumbra region.  $S$  should receive only  $L_1L_2/L_0L_2$  from the light's contribution.

The  $L_1L_2/L_0L_2$  fraction can be approximated by subdividing the light source into  $k \times k$  samples and counting how many of the light samples are visible from  $S$ .

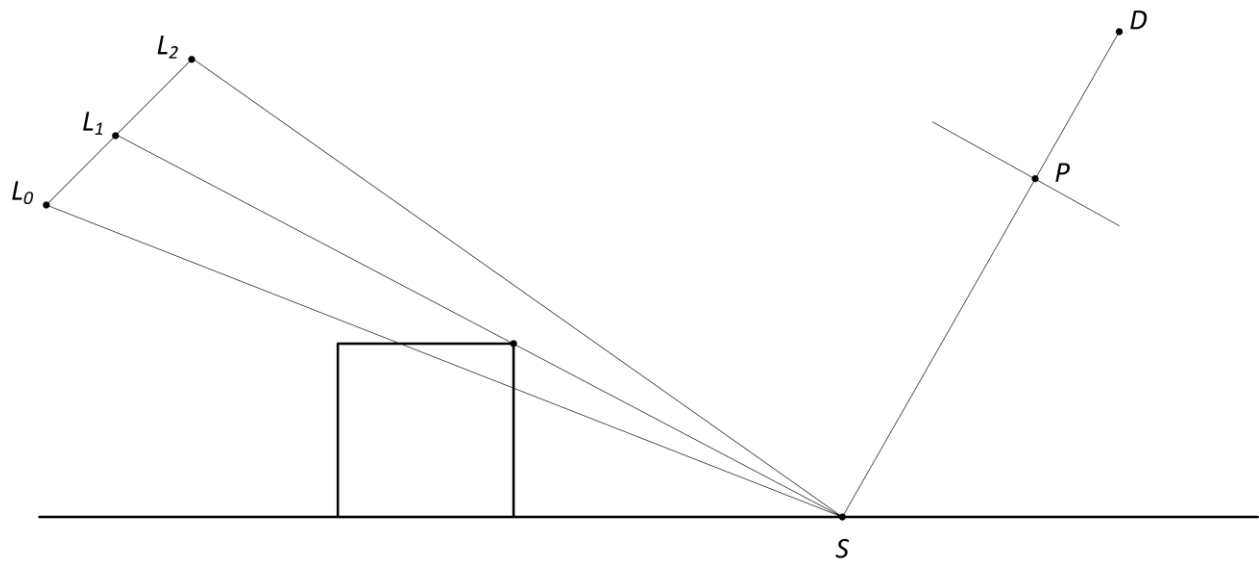


Figure 1. Soft shadows on ground plane.