



# BRDFs and Example-Based Shading

CS535

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# Dimensionality of Appearance



$$(x, y, t, \theta, \phi, \lambda)_{in} \rightarrow (x, y, t, \theta, \phi, \lambda)_{out}$$

General function = 12D



Assume time doesn't matter (no phosphorescence)

Assume wavelengths are equal (no fluorescence, raman scattering)

Scattering function = 9D



Assume wavelength is discretized or integrated into RGB

(This is a common assumption for computer graphics)

Single-wavelength Scattering function = 8D

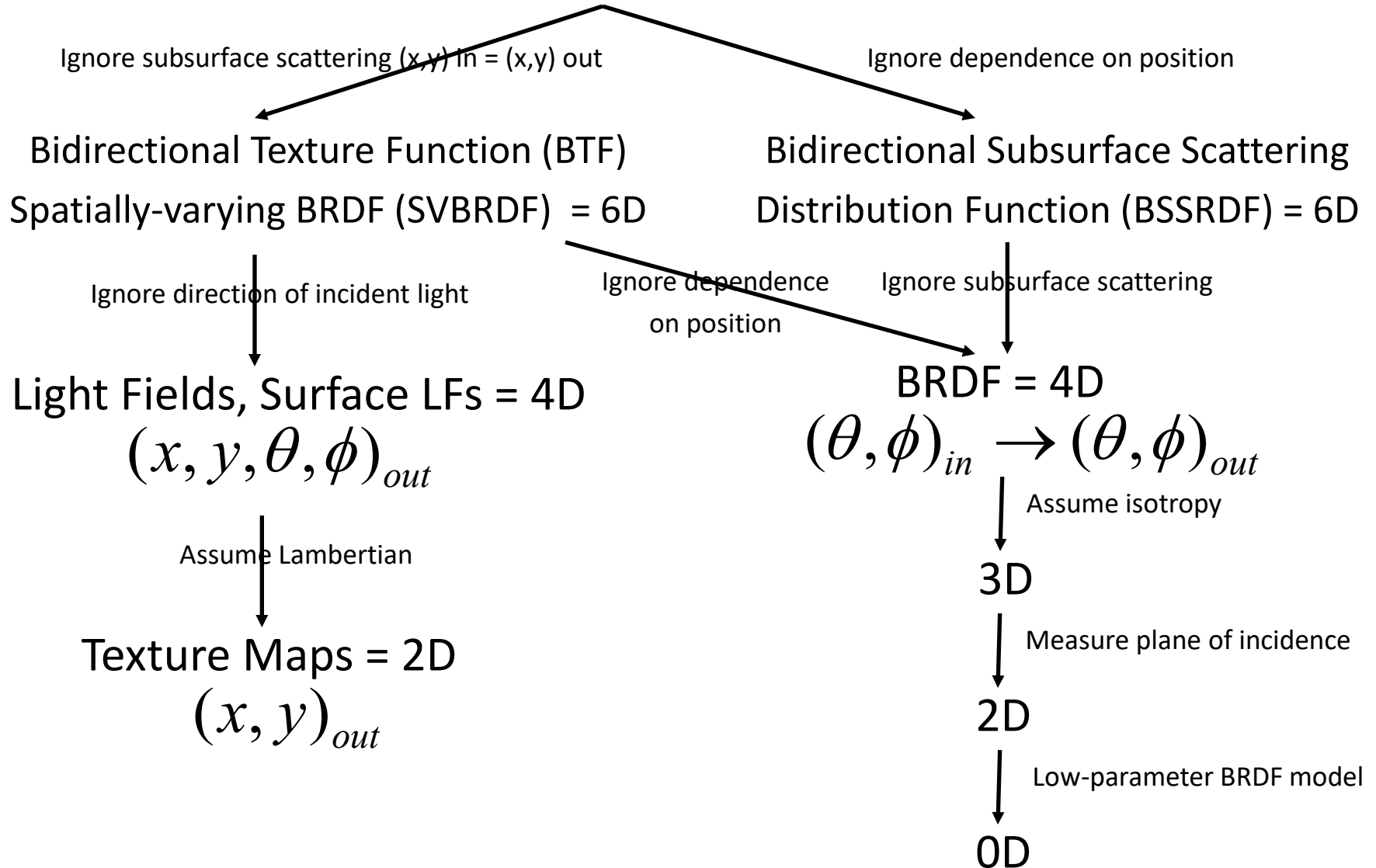
$$(x, y, \theta, \phi)_{in} \rightarrow (x, y, \theta, \phi)_{out}$$

(this diagram thanks to Srinivasa Narasimhan)

$$(x, y, \theta, \phi)_{in} \rightarrow (x, y, \theta, \phi)_{out}$$



## Single-wavelength Scattering function = 8D



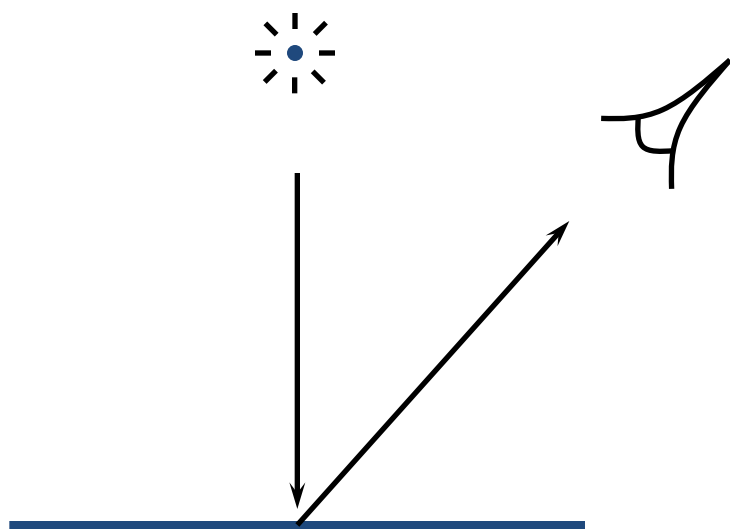


# Measuring BRDFs

- BRDF is 4-dimensional, though simpler measurements (0D/1D/2D/3D) are often useful

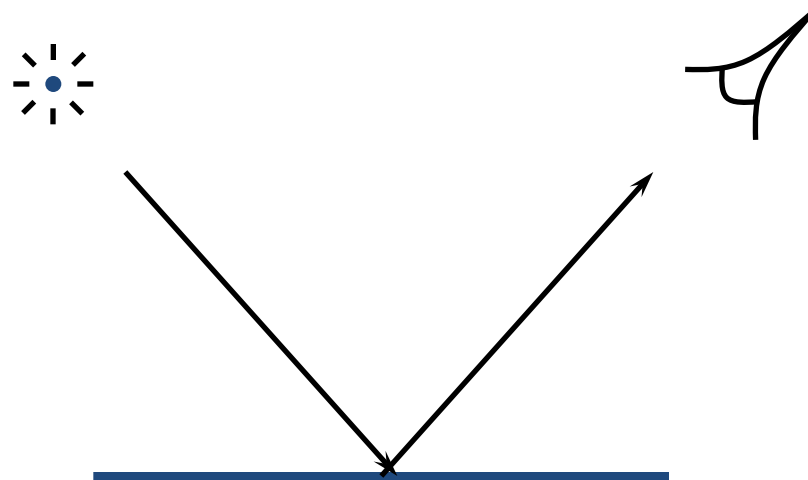


# Measuring Reflectance



$0^\circ/45^\circ$

Diffuse Measurement



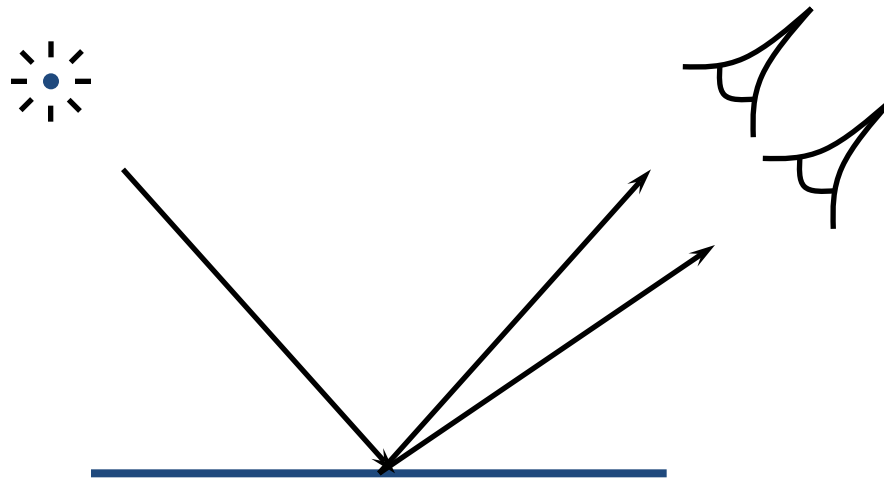
$45^\circ/45^\circ$

Specular Measurement



# Gloss Measurements

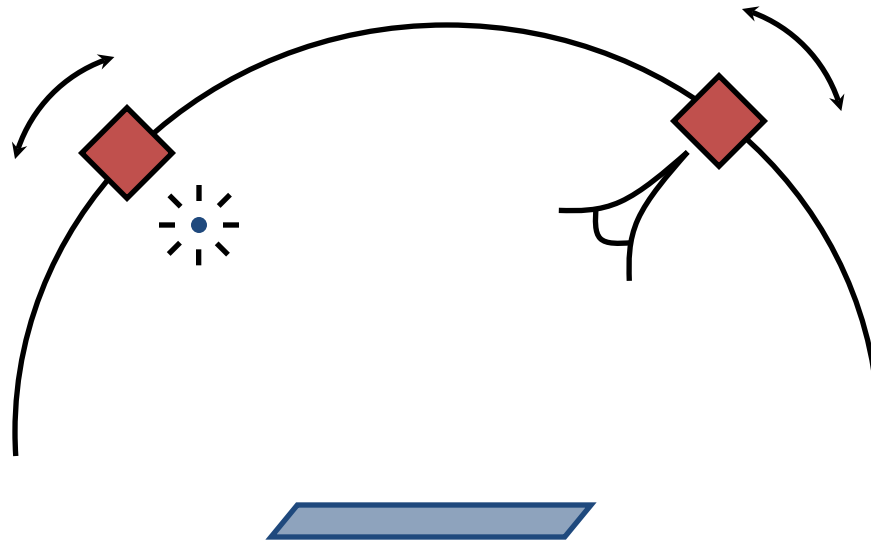
- “Haze” is the width of a specular peak





# BRDF Measurements

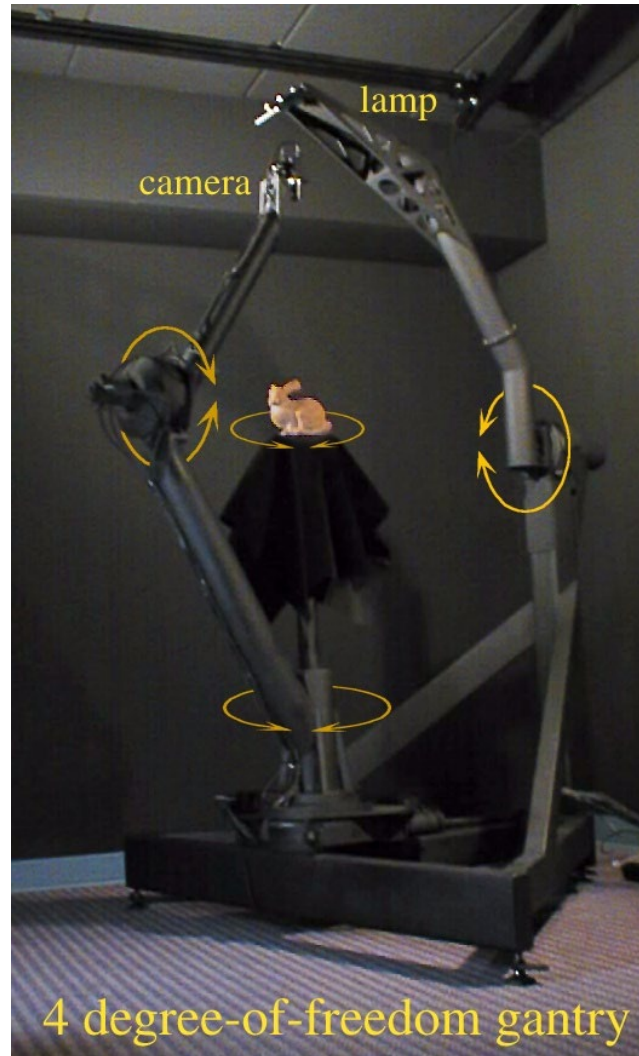
- Next step up: measure over a 1- or 2-D space





# Gonioreflectometers

- Or a 4D space



4 degree-of-freedom gantry



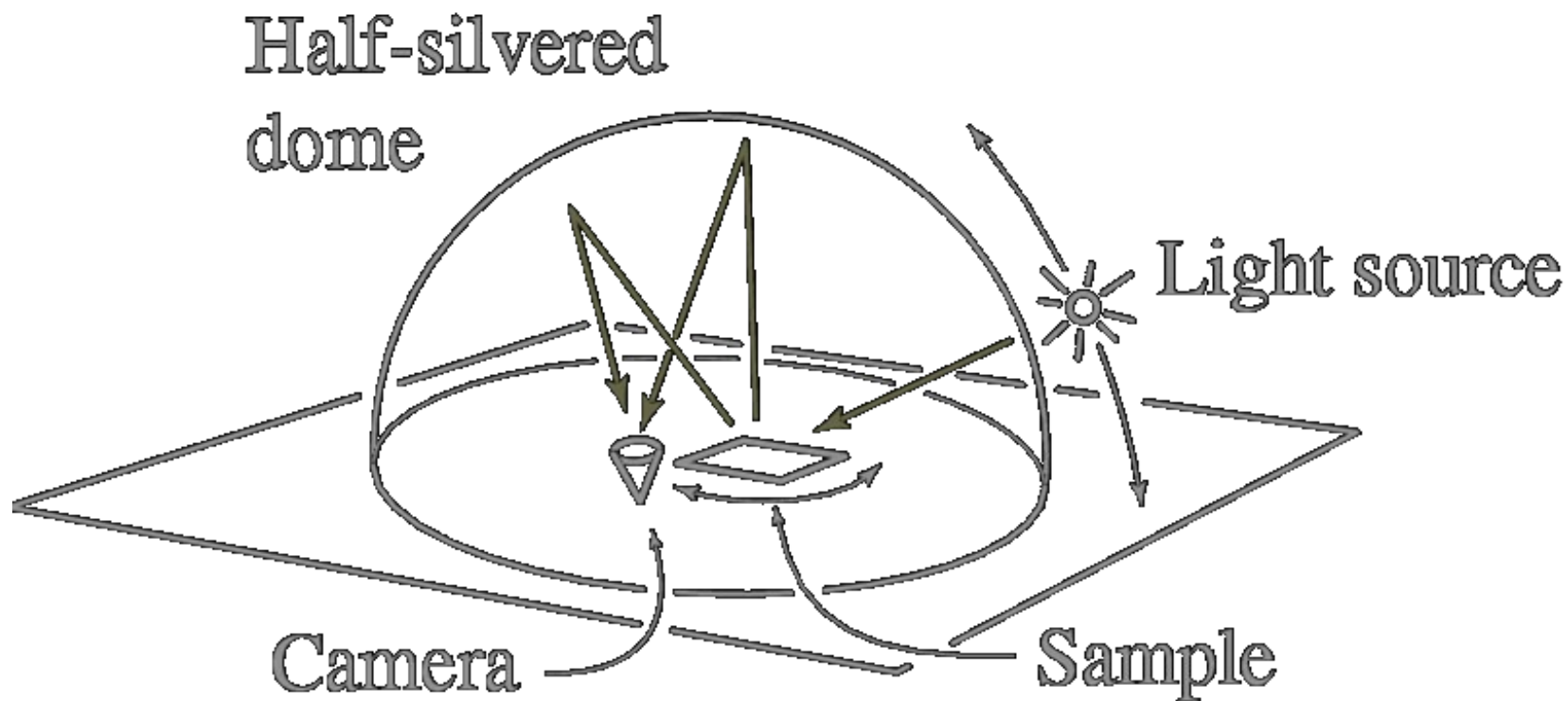


# Image-Based BRDF Measurement

- A camera acquires with each picture a 2D image of sampled measurements
  - Requires mapping light angles to camera pixels



# Ward's BRDF Measurement Setup





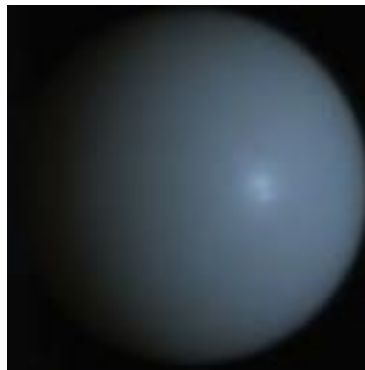
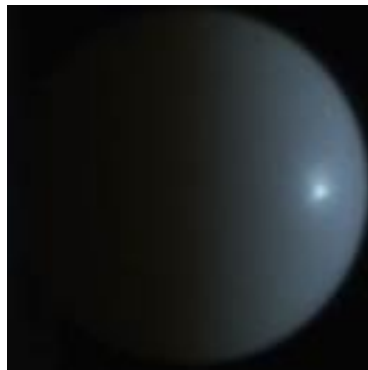
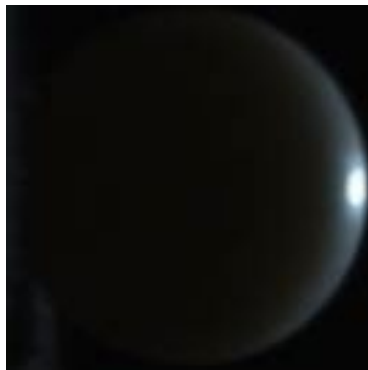
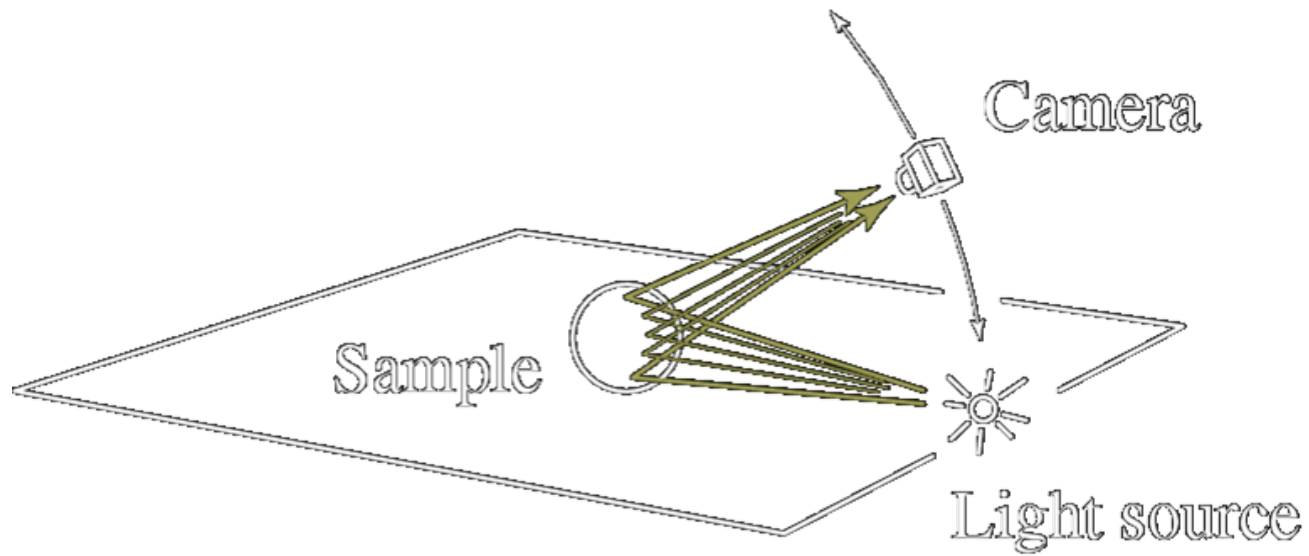
# Ward's BRDF Measurement Setup

- Each picture captures light from a hemisphere of angles





# Marschner et al.'s Modification



# Example Measurement Process



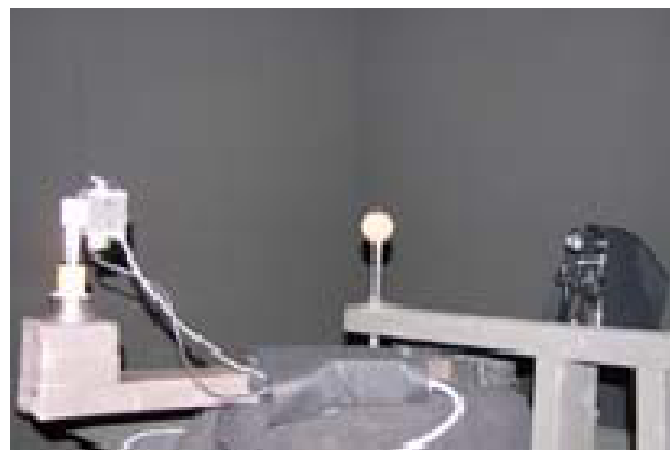


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# Measurement

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- Light Source
  - Hamamatsu SQ Xenon lamp
    - Stable emission output
    - Continuous and relatively constant radiation spectrum





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# Measurement

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- Turntable
  - Kaidan MD-19
  - Computer-controlled
- Dark Room
  - Walls painted with flat black paint
- Spherical Samples



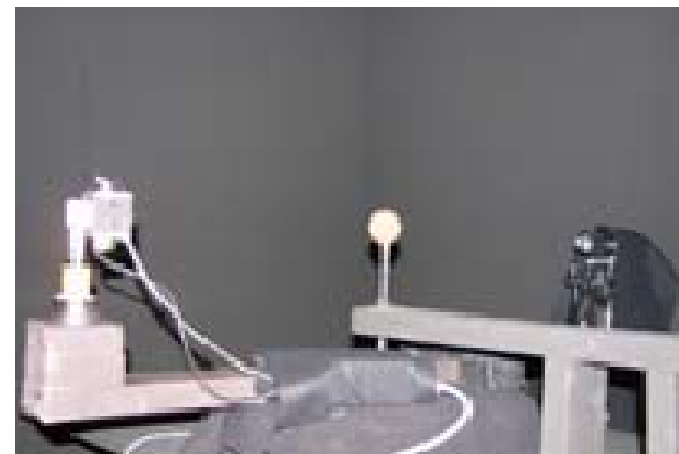


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# Calibration

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- Geometric calibration
  - Contact digitizer
    - Faro Arm
  - Intrinsic & extrinsic camera parameters
  - Sphere center & radius
  - Light Position
    - parameterized on a circle in 3D



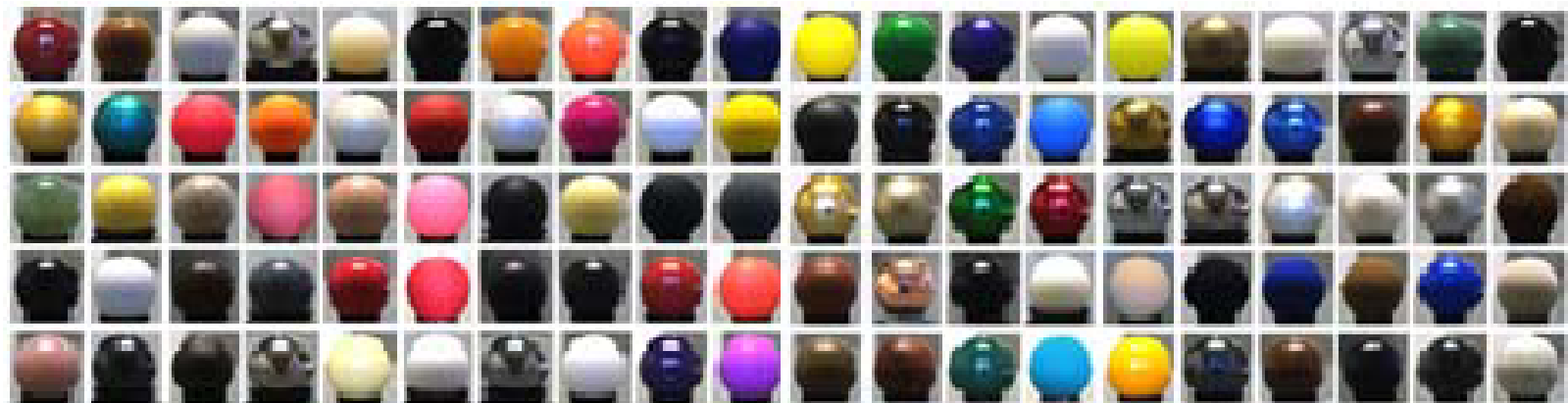




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# Measurement

- 20-80 million reflectance measurements per material
- Each tabulated BRDF entails  $90 \times 90 \times 180 \times 3 = 4,374,000$  measurement bins



# Rendering from Tabulated BRDFs



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- These BRDFs are immediately useful
- Direct renderings from measurements



Nickel

Hematite

Gold Paint

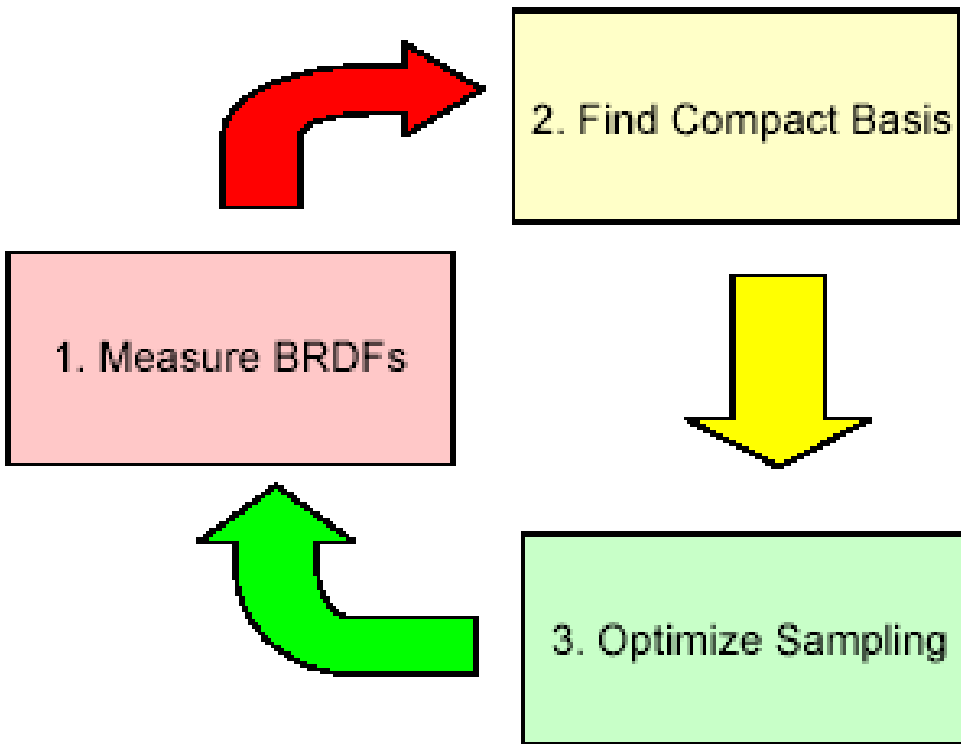
Pink Felt



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# Measurement Process

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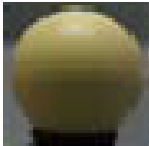





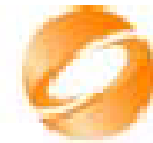
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# Linear Combinations of BRDFs (LCB)

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- Can we find a linear combination of our existing BRDFs that match any new one?
- Requires only estimating 100 coefficients for source BRDFs
- Compute a set of 800 constraints that allow estimating these 100 coefficients robustly

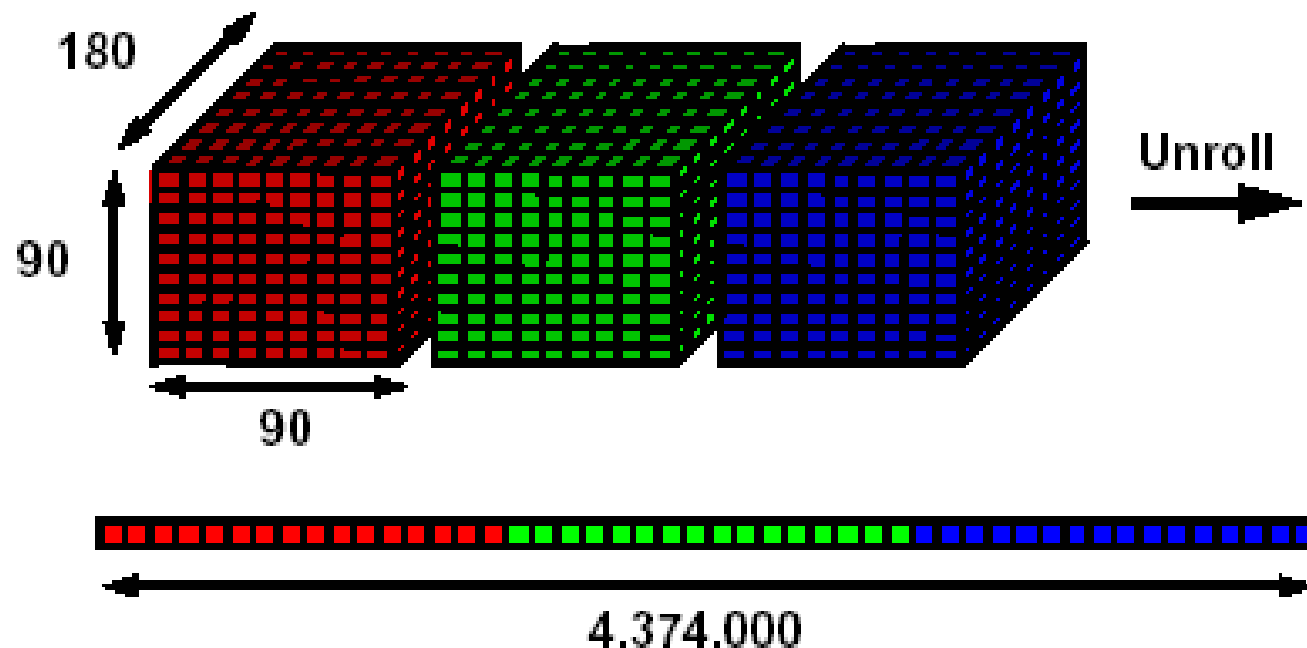
$$\alpha_1 \text{  + \alpha_2 \text{  + \alpha_3 \text{  + \alpha_4 \text{  + \dots = \text{ $$



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# BRDFs as Vectors in High Dimensional Space

- Each tabulated BRDF is a vector in  $90 \times 90 \times 180 \times 3 = 4,374,000$  dimensional space

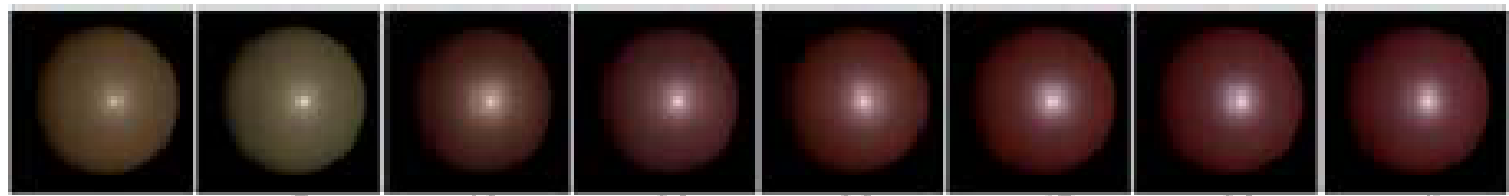
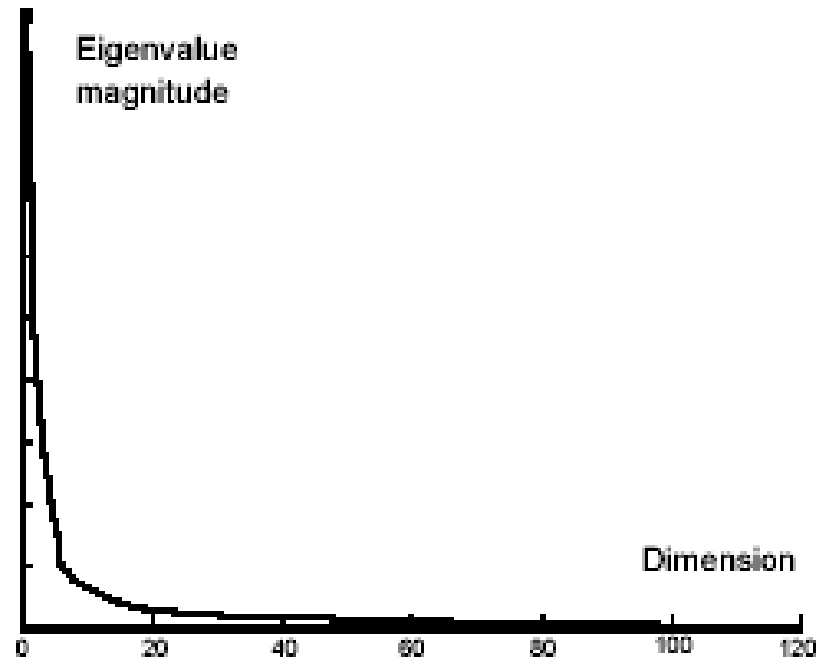




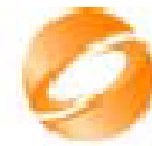
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# Linear Analysis (PCA)

- Find optimal linear basis for our data set
- 45 components needed to reduce residue to under measurement error



mean      5      10      20      30      45      60      all



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# Navigation Results



Adding Silver Trait



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# Navigation Results



Adding Specular Trait





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# Navigation Results



Adding Metallic Trait



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# Representing Physical Processes

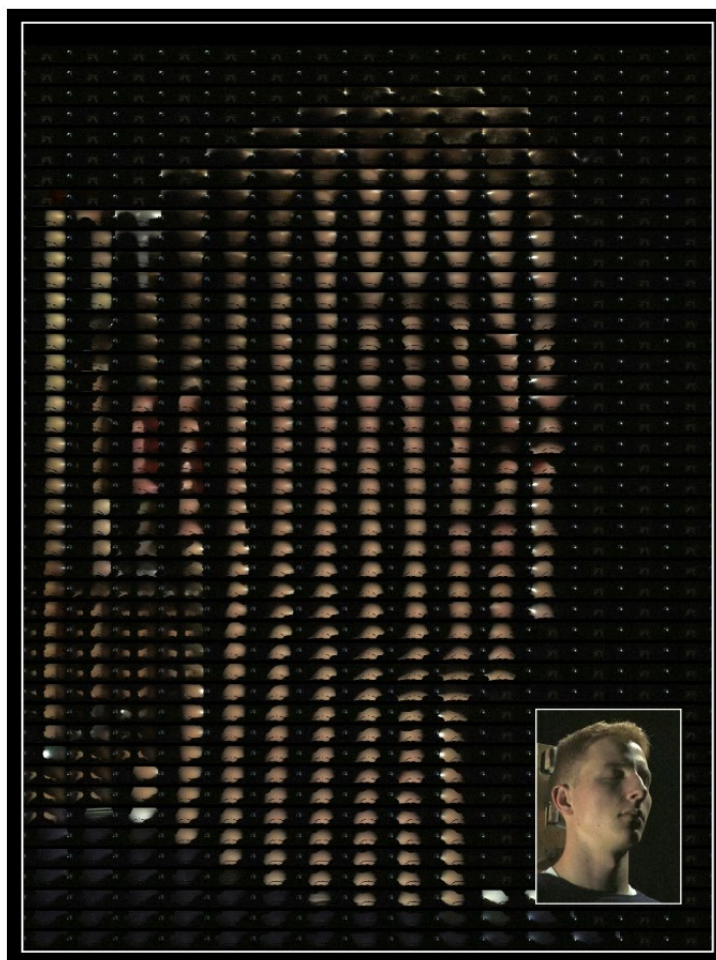


Steel Oxidation



# Human Face

- Don't both with resampling, just acquire all options!





Debevec et al.: Light Stage 1  
[demo]

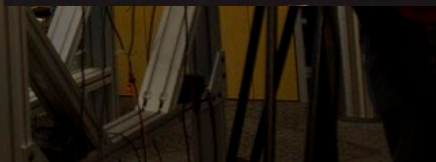
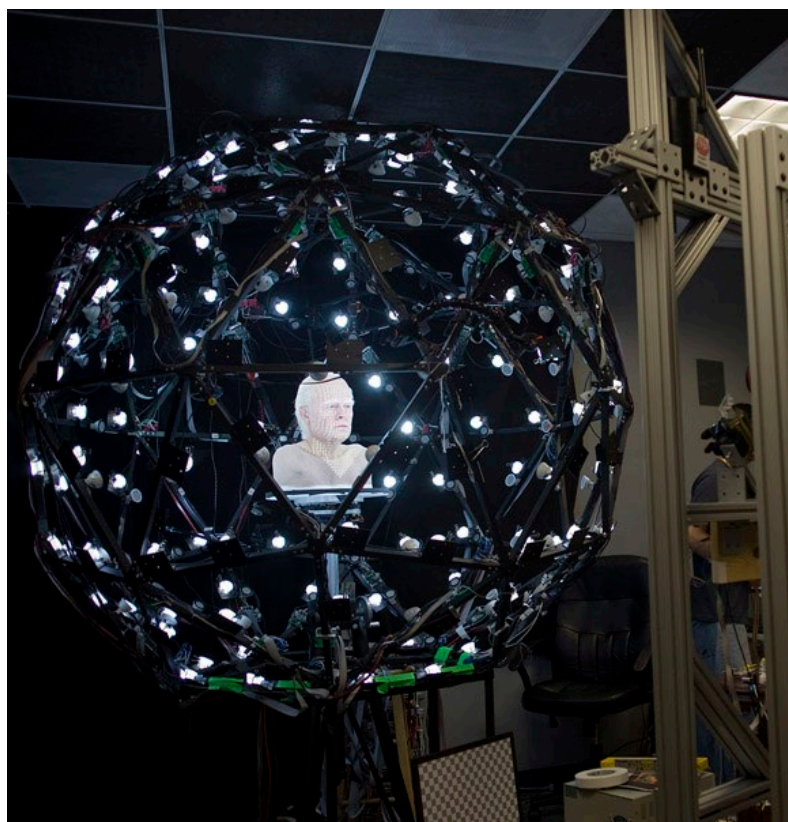


[demo]



# Benjamin Button...

- Light Stages

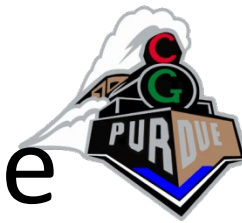




# Light Stages

- Up to 8M in diameter
- Up to 6,666 LED lights
- Up to 990 Hz frames per second  
(33 repeating light conditions)

# Shape and Material by Example



- <http://grail.cs.washington.edu/pub/papers/HertzmannSeitzCVPR2003.pdf>
- Method:
  - Performs photometric reconstruction
  - But they ALSO exploit “orientation consistency” so that material can be copied (i.e., propagated) from example to reconstruction
  - They also cluster the occurrences to one of the determined distinct materials

